

# **Current Transducer HX 50-P/SP3**

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed..., with galvanic separation between the primary circuit and the secondary circuit



All data are given with  $R_1 = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ 

Electrical data					
$I_{\rm PN} \\ I_{\rm PM} \\ U_{\rm C} \\ I_{\rm C} \\ U_{\rm out} \\ R_{\rm L} \\ R_{\rm out}$	Primary nominal RMS current Primary current, measuring range Supply voltage ( $\pm 5~\%$ ) $^{1)}$ Current consumption Output voltage (Analog) @ $\pm I_{PN}$ , $R_{L}$ = 10 k $\Omega$ , $T_{A}$ = 25 °C Load resistance Output internal resistance	50 ±150 ±15 <±15 ±4 ≥10 <50	A A V mA V kΩ		
Accuracy - Dynamic performance data					
$\begin{array}{l} \varepsilon \\ \varepsilon_{\rm L} \\ U_{\rm OE} \\ U_{\rm OH} \\ \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{l} TCU_{\rm OE} \\ TCU_{\rm out} \\ t_{\rm D90} \\ BW \end{array}$	Error @ $I_{\rm PN}$ , $T_{\rm A}$ = 25 °C (excluding offset) Linearity error 0 $\pm I_{\rm PN}$ Electrical offset voltage, @ $I_{\rm P}$ = 0, $T_{\rm A}$ = 25 °C Hysteresis offset voltage @ $I_{\rm P}$ = 0 after an excursion of 1 × $I_{\rm PN}$ Temperature of coefficient of $U_{\rm OL}$ Temperature of coefficient of $U_{\rm OL}$ Delay time @ 90 % of $I_{\rm PN}$ 2 Frequency bandwidth ( $\pm$ 3 dB), small signal 3)	≤±1 ≤±1 <±40 ±15 (typ) <1.125 <0.05 3.5 (typ), < 5	$\%$ of $I_{\rm PN}$ % of $I_{\rm PN}$ mV mV/K $\%$ /K $6$ $\mu$ s		
General data					
$T_{A}$ $T_{S}$ $m$	Ambient operating temperature Ambient storage temperature Mass Standards	-25 +85 -25 +85 8 EN 50178: 1	°C °C g 997		

Notes: 1) Also operate at ±12 V power supplies, measuring range reduced to ±2.5 ×  $I_{\rm P\,N}$ 





#### **Features**

- · Hall effect measuring principle
- Galvanic separation between primary and secondary circuit
- Insulation voltage 3000 V RMS/50 Hz/1 min
- Low power consumption
- Extended measuring range  $(3 \times I_{PN})$
- Power supply from ±12 V to ±15 V
- Insulating plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0.

## **Special feature**

· Low temperature coefficient.

#### **Advantages**

- · Low insertion losses
- Easy mount with automatic handling system
- Small size and space savings
- High immunity to external interference.

# **Applications**

- AC variable speed drives and servo motor drives
- Static converters for DC motor drives
- Battery supplied applications
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- Electrical appliances.

### **Application domain**

Industrial.

N° 74.79.25.003.0 Page 1/3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> For a  $di/dt = 50 \text{ A/}\mu\text{s}$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3)</sup> Small signal only to avoid excessive heating of the magnetic cores.



### **Current Transducer HX 50-P/SP3**

Insulation coordination				
$U_{d}$	RMS voltage for AC insulation test, 50 Hz, 1 min	> 3	kV	
$U_{t}$	Partial discharge RMS test voltage ( $q_m$ < 10 pC)	≥ 1.02	kV	
$U_{ m Ni}$	Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50 μs	≥ 6 Min	kV	
$d_{Cn}$	Creepage distance	≥ 5.5	mm	
$d_{ extsf{Cp}} \ d_{ extsf{Cl}}$	Clearance	≥ 5.5	mm	
CTI	Comparative Tracking Index (group I)	≥ 600		

# **Applications examples**

According to EN 50178 and IEC 61010-1 standards and following conditions:

- Over voltage category OV 3
- Pollution degree PD2
- Non-uniform field

	EN 50178	IEC 61010-1
$d_{\rm Cp},d_{\rm Cl},U_{\rm Ni}$	Rated insulation voltage	Nominal voltage
Basic insulation	600 V	600 V
Reinforced insulation	300 V	300 V

#### **Safety**

This transducer must be used in limited-energy secondary circuits according to IEC 61010-1.

This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



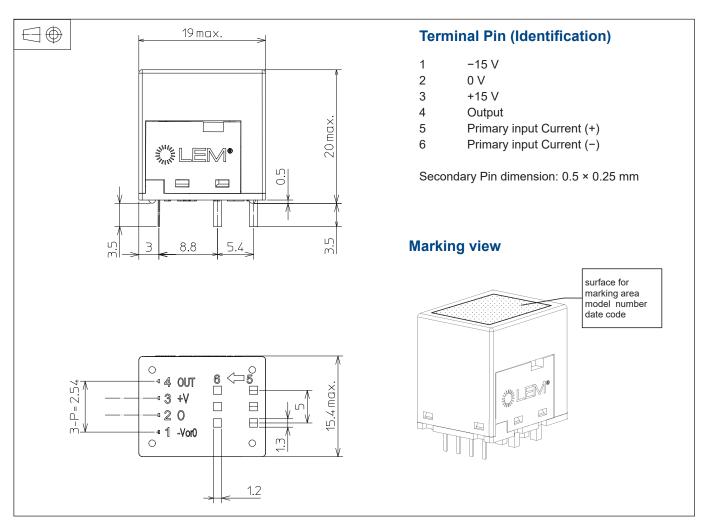
Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply). Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation. A protective housing or additional shield could be used. Main supply must be able to be disconnected.



### Dimensions HX 50-P/SP3 (in mm)



### **Mechanical characteristics**

• General tolerance

±0.5 mm

#### **Remarks**

- $U_{\text{out}}$  is positive when  $I_{\text{P}}$  flows in the direction of the arrow.
- Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed 100 °C.
- Please do not apply any extra forces to both primary and secondary terminals when mounting onto printed circuit board. Insertion forces apply to primary terminal should be limited to below 10 N.
- Installation of the transducer must be done unless otherwise specified on the datasheet, according to LEM Transducer Generic Mounting Rules. Please refer to LEM document N°ANE120504 available on our Web site: https://www.lem. com/en/file/3137/download/.