

# **Current Transducer LTC 600-TF**

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed..., with galvanic separation between the primary circuit and the secondary circuit.









## Electrical data

$I_{\scriptscriptstyle{PN}}$	Primary nominal rms cu	urrent		500		Α
	Primary current, measuring range @ ± 24 V		•	0 ± 1500		Α
$\stackrel{I_{PM}}{\hat{I}_{P}}$	Overload capability			10/10		kA/ms
$\dot{R}_{_{ m M}}$	Measuring resistance			$R_{ m Mmin}$	$R_{\text{M max}}$	
•••	with ± 15 V	$@ \pm 500 A_{max}$		0	70	Ω
		@ ± 1200 A <sub>max</sub>		0	5	Ω
	with ± 24 V	@ ± 500 A max		0	150	Ω
		@ ± 1500 A <sub>max</sub>		0	20	Ω
$I_{\scriptscriptstyleSN}$	Secondary nominal rms current			100		mA
$K_{\rm N}$	Conversion ratio			1:50	00	
Ü	Supply voltage (± 5 %)			± 15	. 24	V
$I_{_{ m C}}$	Current consumption			< 32 (@	)±24V)-	⊦ <i>I</i> <sub>s</sub> mA

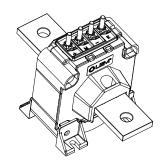
# **Accuracy - Dynamic performance data**

$X_{_{\mathrm{G}}}$	Overall accuracy @ $I_{\rm PN}$ , $T_{\rm A}$ = 25 °C	< ± 0.7	%
_	@ $I_{\rm PN}$ , $T_{\rm A}$ = -40 °C + 85 °C	< ± 1.6	%
$\mathcal{E}_{L}$	Linearity error	< 0.1 Max	%
$I_{_{\mathrm{O}}}$	Offset current @ $I_P$ = 0, $T_A$ = 25 °C	± 0.5	mA
$I_{\scriptscriptstyle{ extsf{OT}}}$	Temperature variation of $I_{\odot}$ - 40 °C + 85 °C	± 1	mΑ
$t_r$	Step response time $^{1)}$ to $90\%$ of $I_{PN}$	< 1	μs
d <i>i</i> /d <i>t</i>	di/dt accurately followed	> 100	A/µs
BW	Frequency bandwidth (- 1 dB)	DC 100	kHz

#### **General data**

85 °C
90 °C
Ω
g
55: 2007
2010

500 A



#### **Features**

- Closed loop (compensated) current transducer using the Hall effect
- Insulating plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0.

# **Advantages**

- Excellent accuracy
- Very good linearity
- Low temperature drift
- Optimized response time
- Wide frequency bandwidth
- No insertion losses
- High immunity to external interference
- · Current overload capability.

## **Applications**

- Single or three phase inverters
- Propulsion and braking choppers
- Propulsion converters
- Auxiliary converters
- · Battery chargers.

#### **Application Domain**

Traction.

Note: 1) With a di/dt of 100 A/µs.



## **Current Transducer LTC 600-TF**

Insulation coordination							
$U_{\rm d}$	Rms voltage for AC insulation test, 50 Hz, 1 min	13.4 <sup>1)</sup>	kV kV				
$U_{\mathrm{e}}$	Partial discharge extinction rms voltage @ 10 pC	> 2.8	kV				
d <sub>Cp</sub> d <sub>CI</sub>	Creepage distance	Min 83.2	mm				
d <sub>cı</sub> CTI	Clearance Comparative tracking index (group I)	54.4 600	mm				

Notes: 1) Between primary and secondary + shield

## **Safety**



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply).

Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.

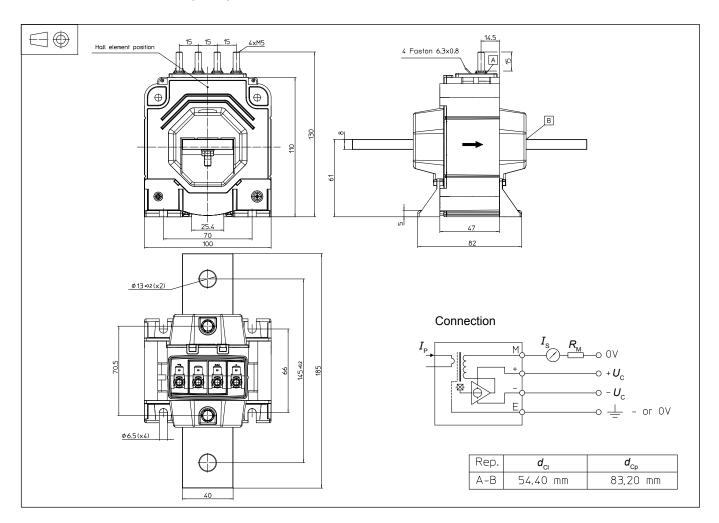
A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Between secondary and shield.



## Dimensions LTC 600-TF (in mm)



## **Mechanical characteristics**

General tolerance

Transducer fastening by the primary bar

Recommended fastening torque

Or by fastening feet

Recommended fastening torque 4.7 N·m

Connection of secondary Recommended fastening torque ±1 mm

2 holes ø 13 mm 2 M12 steel screws

24.5 N·m

4 slots ø 6.5 mm

4 M6 steel screws

4 M5 threaded studs

2.2 N·m

Faston 6.3 × 0.8 mm

## Remarks

- $I_{\rm S}$  is positive when  $I_{\rm P}$  flows in the direction of the arrow.
- Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed 100 °C.
- Installation of the transducer must be done unless otherwise specified on the datasheet, according to LEM Transducer Generic Mounting Rules. Please refer to LEM document N°ANE120504 available on our Web site:

#### **Products/Product Documentation.**

This is a standard model. For different versions (supply voltages, turns ratios, unidirectional measurements...), please contact us.